

Advocacy on the global arena: how we can make a difference TOGETHER

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NLO Forum



Advocacy strategy implementation

United Nations agencies

World Health Organization

United Nations
Environment
Programme

Strategic partners

NCD Alliance

World Health Professions Alliance

Member mobilization

Vision 2030

Global health agenda priorities

Influencing policymakers



Secure commitments from governments to make oral health a priority

Raising awareness



Increase public awareness and understanding of the importance of maintaining good oral health







United Nations (UN): our relationship



Consultative status with the UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC)



Official relations with the World Health Organization (WHO)



Work with UNEP (UN Environment Programme) on the Minamata Convention and the **phase-down of dental amalgam**



Intervene at key meetings and invited to consultations to ensure the **oral health community's voice** is heard



Strategic partners

Work to integrate oral health into NCD and UHC responses

Interprofessional collaboration and education

















FDI's global advocacy priorities

Recognition of oral health among global health priorities

Ensure oral health is recognized and accepted as a core element of general health and well-being



AMR stewardship

Integration of oral health into the NCD and UHC responses

Dental Amalgam
Phase Down

Vision 2030 >>> **2021-2025 advocacy workstreams**

Pillar **1** By 2030, essential oral health services are integrated into healthcare in every country and appropriate quality oral healthcare becomes available, accessible, and affordable for all.

Pillar

By 2030, oral and general personcentred healthcare are integrated, leading to more effective prevention and management of oral diseases and improved health and well-being.

Pillar 3

By 2030, oral health professionals will collaborate with a wide range of health workers to deliver sustainable, health-needs-based, and people-centred healthcare.

Workstream 1: Ensuring equitable access to appropriate and affordable oral healthcare

Workstream 2: Securing population-wide access to basic packages of oral care

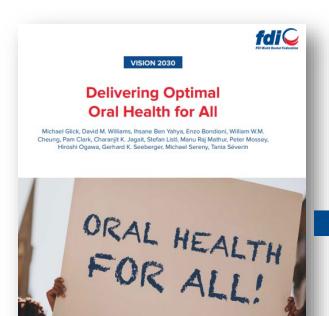
Workstream 3: Tackling shared NCD risk factors and social determinants

Workstream 4: Building strong oral health information systems and integrated surveillance

Workstream 5: Strengthening health systems through workforce education, planning and collaboration Workstream 6: Enabling sustainable and responsible dentistry



FDI's Vision 2030 fdiworlddental.org/vision2030











Oral health

The Seventy-fourth World Health Assembly

Having considered the consolidated report by the Director-General;

Recalling resolutions WHA60.17 (2007) on oral health: action plan for promotion and integrated disease prevention, WHA69.3 (2016) on the global strategy and action plan on ageing and health 2016-2020: towards a world in which everyone can live a long and healthy life, WHA72.2 (2019) on primary health care; and decisions WHA72(11) (2019) on the follow-up to the political delectation of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases and WHA73(12) (2020) on the Decade of Healthy Ageing 2020-2030;

All indiful of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development, in particular Sustainable Development Gal Gissure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages), and recognizing the important intersections between oral health and other Sustainable Development Goals, including Goal 1 [End poverty in all its forms and everywhere), Goal 2 [End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture), Goal 4 (Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities forall) and Goal 12 (Ensure sustainable consumption and monthly of the consumption and promote inference of th

1) No global commitments on oral health since 2007

2) Formal recognition of oral health as an element of the NCD and UHC agendas

3) Strong follow-up actions to maintain political (and policy) momentum

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ealth coverage art of universal

et humanhealth ry compounds, umstances and d be developed

eople suffering , leading to a

Political momentum to recognize

Oral health as essential for general health

New WHO resolution on Oral health

Oral healthcare as an essential health service

Oral health professionals as essential health workers



Oral Health Strategy

WHO Discussion Paper: Draft Global Strategy On Oral Health

9 August 2021 | Technical document

WHO DISCUSSION PAPER (Version dated 9 August 2021)

DRAFT GLOBAL STRATEGY ON ORAL HEALTH

BACKGROUN

- Raccognizing the global public health importance of major and diseases and conditions, the World
 Assumbly adopted resolution WHAPAS (2021) on our Bashi and requested the Director-General to
 develop, in consultation until Meastles Steme, a deal global strategy on actioning and diseases. The strategy
 will inform the development of a global strine plan on oral health, including a framework for tracking progress
 with clear measurable tegats to be achieved by 2010.
- 2. The reclution on cell health and the reculting druft global strongy are grounded in the 2020 Agends for functionable Development Good [Figure health; three and present reall-being for all ret it ages) and its target 3 for achieve universal health coverage. They are sligated with the WHO's Thatment General Programme of West (2019); the Policial Development on the Signal service of the Highest Maering on Universal Health Coverage (2019); the Operational framework for princips health care (2020); the Global strategy on human recovers for health Weedforce 2000 (2016); the Global strain plate for the prevention and countries of necessariant in the Signal Sig

GLOBAL OVERVIEW OF ORAL HEALTH

3. Oral health is the well-being of the mouth, encomposing many essential functions, including breating, setting, seeking, meaking, multipa and confidently, enables an individual to active when their full capacity and participation in society. Oral health is integral to overall health, well-being and capacity of life, from birth to del age.

Oral Disease Burden

- 4. Globally, there are orizonted to be more than 3.5 billion cases of end diseases and other cord conditions, most of which we prevenable 3 for the last three decades, the combined globall prevaience of destrict (note theory), periodostal (graza) disease and troth loss has remained unchanged at 47%, which is higher than the prevailance of dwarf of more than pronounceable disease.
- Cancers of the lip and oral cavity together represent the sixteenth most common cancer worldwide, with over 373 000 are cases and nearly 180 000 deaths in 2002. "Norms is a necrotizing disease that is a marker of extrame powerty it starts in the mooth and is fatal for as much as 00% of affected children." Claff by not

Overview

Recognizing the global public health importance of major oral diseases and conditions, the World Health Assembly adopted resolution WHA74.5 (2021) on oral health and requested the Director-General to develop, in consultation with Member States, a draft global strategy on tackling oral diseases.1 The strategy will inform the development of a global action plan on oral health, including a framework for tracking progress with clear measurable targets to be achieved by 2030.

Download (168.8 kB)



FDI's general comments

STRENGTHS

- Strong alignment with Vision 2030 (strategy's vision:
 "universal oral health coverage for all people by 2030")
- Complements resolution, by including clefts within the burden, access to fluorides and need for budget allocation
- Prioritizes PHC, oral health information systems, and oral health research as strategic objectives
- Recognizes the role of civil society in oral health response and the fact that oral health is considered a human right
- Acknowledges the need to reorient health systems towards population-wide prevention, increase oral health literacy
- Increases scope of risk factors
- Presents oral health services as essential health services that should be part of **UHC benefit packages**, ensuring quality, equitable access, and financial protection
- Recognizes need for a **wider team approach** in dentistry to increase access to care requiring defined scopes of practice

BARRIERS

- Remains a very high-level document without specific guidance nor indicators to measure strategic objectives
- Only links oral health with NCDs by recognizing the common risk factors; therefore, doesn't acknowledge poor oral health as a NCD risk factor, nor makes the case for interprofessional collaboration
- Doesn't highlight the weight that out-of-pocket payments
 have specifically in oral healthcare within health systems,
 nor the complexity of payment systems for professionals
- Needs a <u>guiding principle on sustainability</u> (to include considerations around AMR and Minamata Convention)
- Needs <u>a strategic objective on oral health workforce</u>, given the complex actions required to build a resilient oral health workforce (including around education, retention, geographical distribution, planning, and collaboration)



FDI joins forces in response to WHO strategy

- 65 organizations co-signed FDI's response
- Great support from FDI members
- Others that signed: NCD Alliance, International Diabetes Federation, Smile Train, NCD Alliance Kenya

 https://fdiworlddental.org/jointresponse-to-WHO-global-strategydraft

- ADF Association dentaire française
- 2. AIO Italian Dental Association
- ANDI Associazione Nazionale Dentisti Italiani
- Asociación Odontológica Panameña
- Associacao Dentaria Timor Leste (ADETIL)
- Association des chirurgiens dentistes du Burkina (ACDB)
- Association des Chirurgiens-Dentistes du Bénin (A.C.D.B.)
- Association marocaine de prévention buccodentaire (AMPBD)
- Australian Dental Association
- 10. Azerbaijan Stomatological Association
- 11. Bahamas Dental Association
- Bangladesh Dental Society
- 13. British Dental Association (BDA)
- 14. Bulgarian Dental Association (BgDA)
- Bundeszahnärztekammer e.V. (German Dental Association)
- Cercle des Médecins-Dentistes du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg
- 17. Chambre Syndicale Dentaire, Belgium
- 18. Chinese Stomatological Association
- 19. Chinese Taipei Association for Dental Sciences
- 20. Colegio de Cirujano Dentistas de Chile
- 21. Colegio de Cirujanos Dentistas de Costa Rica
- 22. Colegio de Odontólogos de Bolivia
- 23. Commonwealth Dental Association
- 24. Cyprus Dental Association
- 25. Danish Dental Association
- 26. Dental Association of Seychelles
- 27. Dental Association of Thailand
- 28. Dental Chamber of Kosovo
- 29. Egyptian Clinical Dental Society
- Ethiopian Dental Professional's Association (EDPA)
- 31. Fiji Dental Association

- 32. Finnish Dental Association
- 33. Hong Kong Dental Association
- 34. Indonesia Dental Association
- 35. International Diabetes Federation (IDF)
- Irish Dental Association
- 37. Japan Dental Association
- 38. Kenya Dental Association
- 39. Korean Dental Association
- 40. Malaysian Dental Association
- Mexican Dental Association (Asociación Dental Mexicana)
- 42. Mongolian Dental Association
- 43. NCD Alliance
- 44. Non-communicable Diseases Alliance Kenya
- 45. Norwegian Dental Association
- 46. OMD Portuguese Dental Association
- 47. Philippine Dental Association
- 48. Polish Dental Society
- Romanian Dental Association of Private Practitioners (RDAPP)
- 50. Russian Dental Association
- 51. Samara State Medical University
- 52. Serbian Dental Society
- 53. Slovenian Dental Association
- 54. SmileTrain
- 55. Société de Médecine Dentaire, asbl
- 56. South African Dental Association
- 57. Sri Lanka Dental Association
- 58. Stomatological Society of Greece
- 59. Tanzania Dental Association
- 60. The Armenian Dental Association
- 61. Tunisian Dental Syndicate for Private Practice
- 62. Turkish Dental Association
- 63. Ukrainian Dental Association
- 64. VVT Verbond der Vlaamse Tandartsen
- 65. Zimbabwe Dental Association

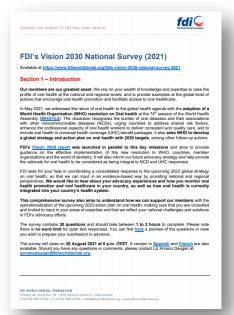
Vision 2030 survey focused on national implementation



Survey of our national dental associations to learn from your experiences in the following areas:

- Carrying out national and regional advocacy in different areas (prevention, access to care, integrated care, health workforce, etc.)
- Monitoring progress on oral health/NCD policy and indicators
- Identifying case studies demonstrating the successful integration of oral health into UHC benefit packages, as well as NCD and other health programmes







https://www.fdiworlddental.org/fdis-vision-2030-national-survey-2021



Vision 2030 National Survey

- Closed 13 September (launched July)
- Two types of questions: NDA's experience in different areas & country's status and available data
- Survey sections:
 - Background
 - Universal Health Coverage
 - Primary Healthcare & Basic Oral Care
 - Oral Diseases Shared Risk Factors & Programmes Integration
 - Integrated Oral Health Information Systems
 - Health Workforce's Education, Planning and Collaboration
 - Sustainable and Responsible Dentistry
 - Country's Data

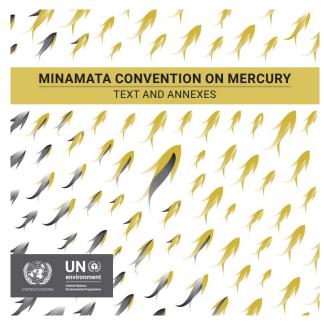


Analyzed results will be shared later in September to inform the strategy's objectives and indicators



Minamata Convention on Mercury – COP4

- **Two amendment proposals** affecting Annex A, Part II:
 - By EU Member States:
 - complements current language, restricts phase-down approach, by 2024:
 - only allow pre-dosed encapsulated form of amalgam (no bulk form)
 - ensure use of quality amalgam separators
 - forbid use in deciduous teeth, in children under 15 years & pregnant or breastfeeding women (except when deemed strictly necessary by the dental practitioner)
 - By the Africa region (Botswana, Burkina Faso & Madagascar):
 - replaces current language, asking phase-out by 2029
 - removes any language on investing in prevention/oral health promotion,
 alternative materials research, and waste management
- The COP4 meeting is virtual in November 2021 and a F2F meeting is being planned for Q1 2022 where amendments to the Convention will be discussed
- FDI is asking NDAs to understand their government's position; get involved in advocacy for a phase-down approach and connect their Ministry of Health with Ministry of Environment.





Call to action



- Understand your government's position
- Ensure your voice, concerns and challenges are heard
- Coordinate a meeting with your Ministry of Health, Ministry of Environment and CDO (if one exists) to influence your government's position, if needed
- Advocate for a phase down approach to ensure an equitable approach in all countries



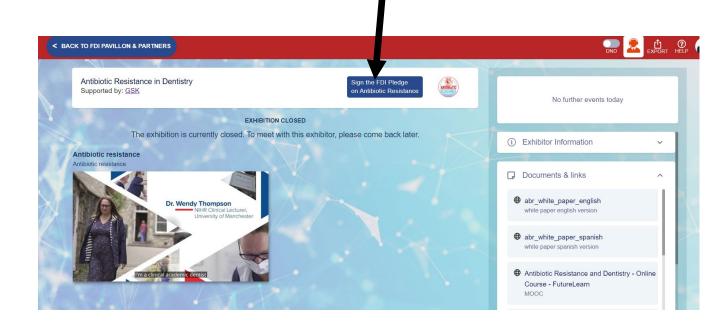
Antibacterial resistance pledge

Join our fight against ABR



Antibiotics
Antivirals
Antifungals
Antiparasitics

Find the link to sign this pledge in the virtual meeting platform







Thank you!

Connect with us

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